116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S.

To promote United States national security and prevent the resurgence of ISIS, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. RISCH (for himself, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. RUBIO, and Mr. JONES) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on ______

A BILL

To promote United States national security and prevent the resurgence of ISIS, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the

5 "Promoting American National Security and Preventing

6 the Resurgence of ISIS Act of 2019".

7 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

8 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

- Sec. 101. Appropriate congressional committees defined.
- Sec. 102. Findings.
- Sec. 103. Sense of Congress.
- Sec. 104. Strategy to prevent the resurgence of the Islamic State of Iraq and Al-Sham (ISIS) and its affiliates.
- Sec. 105. Briefings on Turkish incursion into Northeast Syria.
- Sec. 106. Humanitarian assistance to the people of Syria.
- Sec. 107. Report on accountability for violations of international law, including war crimes, and other harm to civilians in Syria during the Turkish incursion.
- Sec. 108. Restriction on arms sales to Turkey.
- Sec. 109. Opposition to loans from international financial institutions that benefit the Government of Turkey.
- Sec. 110. Statement of policy on denouncing targeting of Kurdish minority at the United Nations.
- Sec. 111. Participation of Turkey in NATO.
- Sec. 112. Report on net worth of President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan.

TITLE II—KURDISH REFUGEE CRISIS IN SYRIA

- Sec. 201. Findings.
- Sec. 202. United States refugee program priorities.

TITLE III—SANCTIONS

- Sec. 301. Definitions.
- Sec. 302. Imposition of sanctions with respect to senior officials of the Government of Turkey.
- Sec. 303. Imposition of sanctions with respect to foreign persons providing arms to Turkish forces in Syria.
- Sec. 304. Imposition of sanctions with respect to financial institutions that facilitate transactions for Turkish Armed Forces.
- Sec. 305. Imposition of CAATSA section 231 sanctions against Turkey.
- Sec. 306. Imposition of sanctions with respect to support by the Russian Federation for the Assad regime.
- Sec. 307. Sanctions described.
- Sec. 308. Implementation; regulations; penalties.

TITLE IV—TERMINATION PROVISIONS

- Sec. 401. Appropriate congressional committees defined.
- Sec. 402. Termination of certain requirements.
- Sec. 403. Humanitarian waiver.
- Sec. 404. Sunset.

TITLE I—PROMOTING STABILITY IN SYRIA

3 SEC. 101. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES
4 DEFINED.

5 In this title, the term "appropriate congressional6 committees" means—

7 (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the
8 Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee
9 on Appropriations of the Senate; and

10 (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
11 Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee
12 on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
13 SEC. 102. FINDINGS.

14 Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The Syrian Democratic Forces (SDF) have
fought on the frontlines against the Islamic State of
Iraq and al-Sham (ISIS), in close partnership with
the United States and United States allies.

19 (2) While territorial gains have been made, the
20 Department of Defense, as of August 2019, esti21 mates that ISIS likely retains between 14,000 and
22 18,000 "members" in Iraq and Syria, including up
23 to 3,000 foreigners.

24 (3) Since 2015, the United States Government25 has deployed members of the United States Armed

4

Forces to Syria for the purpose of the counter-ISIS
 campaign, in an advise, assist, and accompany role,
 working closely with the SDF.

4 (4) The congressionally-mandated Syria Study 5 Group in September 2019 found, "Although the 6 United States military mission in Syria is often 7 lumped together with the Iraq and Afghanistan mis-8 sions in the 'forever war' category, the Syria case of-9 fers a different, and far less costly, model. A small 10 United States military footprint, supported by 11 United States air power and other high-end capabili-12 ties, reinforced by a global coalition of like-minded 13 allies and partners, rallied a local partner force 14 many times its size to liberate territory from a ter-15 rorist group."

16 (5) According to the Department of Defense, as
17 of August 2019, the SDF continued to hold about
18 10,000 ISIS fighters in detention centers in North19 east Syria this quarter. Of these, approximately
20 2,000 are foreigners from more than 50 countries.
21 The remaining 8,000 are Iraqi and Syrian.

(6) In August 2019, the United States Government and the Government of Turkey began implementing a security mechanism to address legitimate
Turkish security concerns along the Turkish Syrian

1	border in which United States and Turkey estab-
2	lished a Combined Joint Operations Center and the
3	SDF withdrew forces from certain areas.
4	(7) On October 9, 2019, Turkish military units
5	began operations in Syrian territory.
6	(8) On October 13, 2019, the SDF announced
7	a deal with President of Syria Bashar al-Assad's re-
8	gime that would allow government forces to enter
9	the Kurdish-controlled areas of Northeast Syria for
10	the first time in years.
11	(9) On October 14, 2019, the governing coali-
12	tion of the Kurdish self-administered region in
13	Northeast Syria announced that they were finalizing
14	a Memorandum of Understanding with Russia.
15	(10) On October 14, 2019, the European Union
16	unanimously announced that it would suspend weap-
17	ons exports to Turkey in condemnation of their mili-
18	tary action against Syria.
19	SEC. 103. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
20	It is the sense of Congress that—
21	(1) the United States and Turkey have been
22	treaty allies since 1952, when Turkey became a
23	member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization
24	(NATO);

6

(2) being a NATO member means that Turkey
 is treaty bound to safeguard the principles of democ racy, individual liberty, and the rule of law, and im portantly, should be united with other NATO allies
 in efforts for collective defense and the preservation
 of peace and security;

7 (3) Turkey's military invasion of Northeast 8 Syria is an unacceptable and unnecessary escalation 9 of tensions with the potential to cause a severe hu-10 manitarian crisis and undo the collective gains made 11 in the fight against the Islamic State of Iraq and 12 Syria (ISIS) by the United States and the 81 coun-13 tries and organizations of the Global Coalition to 14 Defeat ISIS, including NATO and the European 15 Union (EU);

16 (4) Turkey should immediately cease attacks
17 against the Syrian Democratic Forces (SDF) and
18 recall its forces back to Turkey;

19 (5) targeted sanctions against Turkey are an
20 appropriate response in order for Turkey to be held
21 accountable for its military offensive in Northeast
22 Syria;

(6) Turkey's military invasion into Northeast
Syria is the latest example of the weakening and
problematic United States-Turkey bilateral relation-

ship and undermines the security of the United
 States and its NATO allies, including that of Tur key;
 (7) the SDF have been critical partners to

5 United States and allied counter-ISIS and broader 6 counterterrorism efforts in Syria, and the United 7 States should continue this partnership with the 8 SDF;

9 (8) the United States Government should utilize
10 diplomatic and military tools to ensure the enduring
11 defeat of ISIS;

12 (9) the United States should stand by critical13 allies and partners;

(10) Russian and Iranian political and military
influence in Syria present a threat to United States
national security interests; and

(11) the United States Government, in concert
with the international community, should hold accountable members of the Syrian regime and the
Governments of the Russian Federation and Iran for
atrocities against the Syrian people.

1SEC. 104. STRATEGY TO PREVENT THE RESURGENCE OF2THE ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND AL-SHAM3(ISIS) AND ITS AFFILIATES.

4 (a) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days 5 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, 6 7 and the Administrator of the United States Agency for 8 International Development, in consultation with the heads 9 of other appropriate Federal agencies, shall jointly develop 10 and submit to the appropriate congressional committees 11 a strategy to prevent the resurgence of ISIS in Iraq and Syria. 12

(b) ELEMENTS OF THE STRATEGY.—The strategy required under subsection (a) shall include the following elements:

16 (1) A summary of the United States national 17 security interests in Iraq and Syria and the impact 18 a resurgence of ISIS would have on those interests. 19 (2) A comprehensive assessment of current 20 training and support programs by agency or depart-21 ment, specifically focused on countering ISIS and 22 other terrorist organizations, including non-lethal as-23 sistance, training, and organizational capacity for the SDF, the Iraqi Security Forces, the Kurdish 24 25 Peshmerga, and others to counter gains by ISIS and 26 its affiliates.

1 (3) A detailed description of United States Gov-2 ernment efforts to support, develop, and expand 3 local governance structures in areas in Syria pre-4 viously liberated from ISIS control. 5 (4) An estimate of the number of current, ac-6 tive ISIS members in Iraq and Syria, including an 7 assessment of those being held in detainee camps or 8 prisons. 9 (5) A comprehensive plan to address ISIS de-10 tainees currently being held in Syria and Iraq, in-11 cluding-12 (A) the designation of an existing official 13 within the Department of State to serve as a 14 senior-level coordinator to coordinate, in con-15 junction with the lead and other relevant agen-16 cies, all matters for the United States Govern-17 ment relating to the long-term disposition of 18 ISIS fighter detainees, including all matters in 19 connection with— 20 (i) repatriation, transfer, prosecution, 21 and intelligence-gathering; 22 (ii) coordinating a whole-of-govern-23 ment approach with other countries and 24 international organizations, including 25 INTERPOL, to ensure secure chains of

S.L.C.

1	custody and locations of ISIS foreign ter-
2	rorist fighter detainees;
3	(iii) coordinating technical and evi-
4	dentiary assistance to foreign countries to
5	aid in the successful prosecution of ISIS
6	foreign terrorist fighter detainees; and
7	(iv) all multilateral and international
8	engagements led by the Department of
9	State and other agencies that are related
10	to the current and future handling, deten-
11	tion, and prosecution of ISIS foreign ter-
12	rorist fighter detainees; and
13	(B) engagement with international part-
14	ners on legal, tenable mechanisms for repa-
15	triating foreign fighters.
16	(6) A description, which may be in classified
17	form, of ISIS senior leadership and infrastructure
18	and efforts to target leadership figures.
19	(7) A comprehensive description of United
20	States activities utilizing social media and other
21	communication technologies strategy to counter
22	ISIS's propaganda, influence, and ability to recruit
23	fighters domestically and internationally, including
24	with private technology companies, and how such ac-

11

tivities are being coordinated across the United
 States Government.

3 (8) A description of the efforts of the United 4 States Government, including economic sanctions, to 5 deny financial resources, including revenues from 6 natural resources extraction, sale of antiquities, kid-7 naping, extortion, taxation, smuggling, access to 8 cash storage sites, and access to international finan-9 cial networks, to ISIS and its affiliates, in conjunc-10 tion with international partners and financial insti-11 tutions.

(9) A description of United States Government
efforts to support credible war crimes prosecutions
against ISIS fighters.

15 (10) A plan to ensure the delivery of humani-16 tarian assistance.

17sec. 105. Briefings on turkish incursion into18Northeast syria.

19 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-20 gress that—

(1) the Russian Federation and Iran continue
to exploit a security vacuum in Syria and continue
to pose a threat to vital United States national security interests; and

(2) continued Turkish military activity inside
 Syria will negatively impact the national security in terest and regional stability of the United States.
 (b) BRIEFINGS REQUIRED.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days after 6 the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 15 7 days thereafter, the Secretary of State, in coordina-8 tion with the Secretary of Defense, and the Adminis-9 trator of the United States Agency for International 10 Development, in consultation with the heads of other 11 appropriate Federal agencies, shall jointly brief the 12 appropriate congressional committees on the October 13 2019 Turkish incursion into Syria, including the im-14 pact of the withdrawal of United States troops from 15 Northeast Syria.

16 (2) ELEMENTS OF THE BRIEFING.—The brief17 ing required under paragraph (1) shall include the
18 following elements:

(A) A description of the impact of the incursion on the ability of ISIS to reconstitute a
physical caliphate.

(B) A description of the impact of the incursion on the Russian Federation's military
and political influence in Syria.

S.L.C.

1	(C) A description of the impact of the in-
2	cursion on Iran's ability to increase its military
3	and political influence in Syria.
4	(D) A comprehensive assessment of the
5	United States Government's activities to
6	counter Iranian and Russian influence in Syria.
7	(E) An outline of planned joint actions by
8	the Department of State and the Department
9	of Defense, in consultation with the heads of
10	other appropriate Federal agencies, regarding
11	any and all stabilization funds or activities for
12	Syria and an explanation of how such funds
13	and activities can contribute to stabilization in
14	the current environment and without the lim-
15	ited United States troop presence in Northeast
16	Syria.
17	(F) The creation and use by the Govern-
18	ment of Turkey of "safe zones" to justify the
19	involuntary or uninformed return of Syrian ref-
20	ugees from Turkey to Syrian territory or to jus-
21	tify the forced displacement of Syrians inside
22	Syria or to prevent Syrians from seeking inter-
23	national protections.
24	(G) The role of the Government of Turkey
25	and Turkish-backed forces in facilitating hu-

manitarian actors, including international non-1 2 governmental organizations (INGOs) for cross-3 border work from Turkey and in ensuring effi-4 cient open supply lines for humanitarian assist-5 ance and personnel through border crossing 6 points on the Turkey-Syria and Iraq-Syria bor-7 ders and facilitating safe passage of humani-8 tarian assistance to Syrians inside Syria based 9 on need.

10 (H) The actions of the Government of 11 Turkey and Turkish-backed forces in the oper-12 ation of all camps for families displaced by con-13 flict as civilian facilities and ensuring that camp 14 residents, in particular women and children, are 15 treated as civilian victims of conflict in accord-16 ance with international law and standards.

(I) The actions of the Government of Turkey and Turkish-backed forces in taking effective measures to protect civilians and civilian
infrastructure, including health facilities, waterpumping stations, and restricting use of explosive weapons in populated areas.

1SEC. 106. HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO THE PEOPLE OF2SYRIA.

The President is authorized to provide humanitarian
assistance pursuant to the Department of State, Foreign
Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act,
2019 (division F of Public Law 116–6) to support the people of Syria, both in Syria and displaced in surrounding
countries, in accordance with established international humanitarian principles.

10SEC. 107. REPORT ON ACCOUNTABILITY FOR VIOLATIONS11OF INTERNATIONAL LAW, INCLUDING WAR12CRIMES, AND OTHER HARM TO CIVILIANS IN13SYRIA DURING THE TURKISH INCURSION.

14 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-15 gress that—

16 (1) Turkish and pro-Turkish forces should end
17 all practices involving arbitrary arrests, enforced dis18 appearances, torture, arbitrary executions, and other
19 unlawful treatment; and

20 (2) all stakeholders in the Turkish incursion
21 should reveal the fate or the location of all persons
22 who have been subjected to enforced disappearance
23 by such stakeholders.

24 (b) Report.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary

1	of State shall submit to the appropriate congres-
2	sional committees a report that describes the causes
3	and consequences of civilian harm occurring during
4	the Turkish incursion into Northeast Syria, includ-
5	ing violations of the law of armed conflict, and gross
6	violations of human rights as a result of the actions
7	of all parties to the conflict.
8	(2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under
9	paragraph (1) shall include the following elements:
10	(A) A description of civilian harm occur-
11	ring in the context of the Turkish incursion, in-
12	cluding-
13	(i) mass casualty incidents; and
14	(ii) damage to, and destruction of, ci-
15	vilian infrastructure and services, includ-
16	ing
17	(I) hospitals and other medical
18	facilities;
19	(II) electrical grids;
20	(III) water systems; and
21	(IV) other critical infrastructure.
22	(B) A description of violations of the law
23	of armed conflict committed during the Turkish
24	incursion into Northeast Syria by all forces in-
25	volved in the Turkish-led coalition and all forces

	11
1	fighting on its behalf and by any other combat-
2	ants in the conflict, including—
3	(i) alleged war crimes;
4	(ii) specific instances of failure by the
5	parties to the conflict to exercise distinc-
6	tion, proportionality, and precaution in the
7	use force in accordance with the law of
8	armed conflict;
9	(iii) arbitrary denials of humanitarian
10	access and the resulting impact on the alle-
11	viation of human suffering;
12	(iv) extra-judicial executions and de-
13	tention-related abuses; and
14	(v) other acts that may constitute vio-
15	lations of the law of armed conflict.
16	(C) Recommendations for establishing ac-
17	countability mechanisms for the civilian harm,
18	war crimes, other violations of the law of armed
19	conflict, and gross violations of human rights
20	perpetrated by Turkish and pro-Turkish forces
21	Syria, including the potential for prosecuting
22	individuals perpetrating, organizing, directing,
23	or ordering such violations.

1 SEC. 108. RESTRICTION ON ARMS SALES TO TURKEY.

2 (a) PROHIBITION ON ARMS TRANSFERS TO TURKISH
3 MILITARY UNITS.—No United States defense articles,
4 services, or technology may be transferred under the Arms
5 Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.) to Turkey
6 if such articles, services, or technology could be used in
7 operations by the Turkish Armed Forces in Syria.

8 (b) EXCEPTION.—The prohibition under subsection
9 (a) does not apply to transfers for ultimate end use by
10 the United States Armed Forces or in military operations
11 approved by NATO.

(c) NO USE OF EMERGENCY AUTHORITY.—The authority of the President to waive statutory congressional
review periods under the Arms Export Control Act (22)
U.S.C. 2751 et seq.) in cases in which an emergency exists
shall not apply to the transfer of defense articles or services to Turkey.

18 SEC. 109. OPPOSITION TO LOANS FROM INTERNATIONAL
19 FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS THAT BENEFIT
20 THE GOVERNMENT OF TURKEY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall direct the
United States executive director to each international financial institution to use the voice and vote of the United
States to oppose any loan from the international financial
institution that would benefit the Government of Turkey.

1 (b) INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTION DE-2 FINED.—In this section, the term "international financial 3 institution" has the meaning given that term in section 4 1701(c) of the International Financial Institutions Act 5 (22 U.S.C. 262r(c)).6 SEC. 110. STATEMENT OF POLICY ON DENOUNCING TAR-7 GETING OF KURDISH MINORITY AT THE 8 UNITED NATIONS. 9 It is the policy of the United States to use the voice 10 and vote of the United States at the United Nations— 11 (1) to denounce the targeting of the Kurdish 12 minority in Northeast Syria; and 13 (2) to in no way support activities of the Gov-14 ernment of Turkey targeting the Kurdish community 15 in Syria. 16 SEC. 111. PARTICIPATION OF TURKEY IN NATO. 17 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-18 ings: 19 (1) Article 1 of the North Atlantic Treaty, 20 signed at Washington April 4, 1949, states, "The 21 Parties undertake, as set forth in the Charter of the 22 United Nations, to settle any international dispute 23 in which they may be involved by peaceful means in 24 such a manner that international peace and security 25 and justice are not endangered, and to refrain in

S.L.C.

20

their international relations from the threat or use
 of force in any manner inconsistent with the pur poses of the United Nations."
 (2) Turkey has invaded Northeast Syria with

the intention of targeting the Kurdish minority in
the country, in a manner inconsistent with Article 1
of the North Atlantic Treaty.

8 (b) DEPARTMENT OF STATE REPORT ON PARTICIPA-9 TION OF TURKEY IN NATO.—Not later than 90 days 10 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary 11 of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional 12 committees a report that includes the following elements:

(1) An assessment of the historical contributions made by Turkey to the NATO alliance since it
became a member in 1952 .

16 (2) An assessment of the impact of Turkey's
17 October 2019 incursion into Northeast Syria for the
18 national security of its NATO allies.

(3) An assessment of Turkey's role in the alliance and the future prospects for Turkey to fully
embrace and implement all 14 articles of the North
Atlantic Treaty.

1SEC. 112. REPORT ON NET WORTH OF PRESIDENT RECEP2TAYYIP ERDOĞAN.

3 Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation 4 5 with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Director of National Intelligence, shall submit to the appropriate con-6 7 gressional committees a report on the estimated net worth 8 and known sources of income of Turkish President Recep 9 Tayyip Erdoğan and his family members (including 10 spouse, children, parents, and siblings), including assets, 11 investments, other business interests, and relevant beneficial ownership information. 12

13 TITLE II—KURDISH REFUGEE 14 CRISIS IN SYRIA

15 SEC. 201. FINDINGS.

16 Congress makes the following findings:

17 (1) According to the United Nations Office for 18 the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, more 19 than 160,000 Syrian Kurdish civilians are internally 20 displaced and more than 400,000 civilians in the 21 Syrian conflict zone will have significant humani-22 tarian needs in Kurdish-controlled areas of North-23 eastern Syria as a result of ongoing Turkish oper-24 ations against Syrian Democratic Forces.

(2) Members of the Syrian Democratic Forceshave fought on the front lines against the Islamic

State, in partnership and with the close support of
 the United States and its allies.

3 SEC. 202. UNITED STATES REFUGEE PROGRAM PRIORITIES.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, in con5 sultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall
6 designate, as Priority 2 refugees of special humanitarian
7 concern—

8 (1) Syrian Kurds, stateless persons who habit9 ually resided in Syria, and other Syrians who
10 partnered with, or worked for or directly with, the
11 United States Government in Syria;

12 (2) Syrian Kurds, stateless persons who habit13 ually resided in Syria, and other Syrians who were
14 employed in Syria by—

15 (A) a media or nongovernmental organiza-16 tion based in the United States;

17 (B) an organization or entity that has re18 ceived a grant from, or entered into a coopera19 tive agreement or contract with, the United
20 States Government; or

21 (C) an organization that—

(i) was continuously physically present
in Northeast Syria between 2011 and the
date of the enactment of this Act; and

S.L.C.

23

	-0
1	(ii) has partnered with an organiza-
2	tion described in subparagraph (A) or (B);
3	(3) the spouses, children, sons, daughters, sib-
4	lings, and parents of aliens described in paragraph
5	(1) or section 204(b);
6	(4) Syrian Kurds, stateless persons who habit-
7	ually resided in Syria, and other Syrians who have
8	an immediate relative (as defined in section
9	201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality
10	Act (8 U.S.C. $1151(b)(2)(A)(i)$) or a family member
11	described in section 203(a) of such Act (8 U.S.C.
12	203(a)) who is physically present in the United
13	States;
14	(5) Syrian Kurds, stateless persons who habit-
15	ually resided in Syria, and other Syrians who were
16	or are employed by the United States Government in
17	Syria, for an aggregate period of at least 1 year; and
18	(6) citizens or nationals of Syria or Iraq, or
19	stateless persons who habitually resided in Syria or
20	Iraq, who provided service to United States counter-
21	ISIS efforts for an aggregate period of at least 1
22	year.
23	(b) ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION AS A REFUGEE.—
24	An alien may not be denied the opportunity to apply for

25 admission as a refugee under this section solely because

24

such alien qualifies as an immediate relative of a national
 of the United States or is eligible for admission to the
 United States under any other immigrant classification.
 (c) MEMBERSHIP IN CERTAIN SYRIAN ORGANIZA TIONS.—An applicant for admission to the United States
 may not be deemed inadmissible based on membership in,
 or support provided to, the Syrian Democratic Forces.

8 (d) EXCLUSION FROM NUMERICAL LIMITATIONS.—
9 Aliens provided refugee status under this section shall not
10 be counted against any numerical limitation under section
11 201, 202, 203, or 207 of the Immigration and Nationality
12 Act (8 U.S.C. 1151, 1152, 1153, and 1157).

(e) IDENTIFICATION OF OTHER PERSECUTED
GROUPS.—The Secretary of State, or the designee of the
Secretary, is authorized to classify other groups of Syrians, including vulnerable populations, as Priority 2 refugees of special humanitarian concern.

(f) SATISFACTION OF OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—
Aliens granted status under this section as Priority 2 refugees of special humanitarian concern under the refugee
resettlement priority system shall be deemed to satisfy the
requirements under section 207 of the Immigration and
Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1157) for admission to the
United States.

25

TITLE III—SANCTIONS

2 SEC. 301. DEFINITIONS.

3 In this title:

4	(1) Admission; admitted; alien.—The terms
5	"admission", "admitted", and "alien" have the
6	meanings given those terms in section 101 of the
7	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).

8 (2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT9 TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com10 mittees" means—

(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
Urban Affairs of the Senate; and

14 (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
15 the Committee on Financial Services of the
16 House of Representatives.

17 (3) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term "financial institution" means a financial institution
18 nancial institution" means a financial institution
19 specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D), (E),
20 (F), (G), (H), (I), (J), (M), or (Y) of section
21 5312(a)(2) of title 31, United States Code.

(4) FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The
term "foreign financial institution" has the meaning
given that term in regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

1	(5) Foreign person.—The term "foreign per-
2	son" means an individual or entity that is not a
3	United States person.
4	(6) KNOWINGLY.—The term "knowingly" with
5	respect to conduct, a circumstance, or a result,
6	means that a person has actual knowledge, or should
7	have known, of the conduct, the circumstance, or the
8	result.
9	(7) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term
10	"United States person" means—
11	(A) a United States citizen or an alien law-
12	fully admitted for permanent residence to the
13	United States; or
14	(B) an entity organized under the laws of
15	the United States or any jurisdiction within the
16	United States, including a foreign branch of
17	such an entity.
18	SEC. 302. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO
19	SENIOR OFFICIALS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF
20	TURKEY.
21	(a) IN GENERAL.—On and after the date that is 15
22	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, each of
23	the following officials shall be subject to the same sanc-
24	tions as a person included on the list of specially des-
25	ignated nationals and blocked persons maintained by the

Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the 1 2 Treasury: 3 (1) The Minister of National Defense of Tur-4 key. 5 (2) The Chief of the General Staff of the Turk-6 ish Armed Forces. 7 (3) The Commander of the 2nd Army of the 8 Turkish Armed Forces. 9 (4) The Minister of Treasury and Finance of 10 Turkey. 11 (b) SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO ADDITIONAL OF-12 FICIALS.— 13 (1) LIST.—Not later than 30 days after the 14 date of the enactment of this Act, and every 60 days 15 thereafter, the Secretary of State, in consultation 16 with the Secretary of Defense and the Director of 17 National Intelligence, shall submit to the appro-18 priate congressional committees a list of the fol-19 lowing foreign persons: 20 (A) Senior officials of the Ministry of Na-21 tional Defense of Turkey involved in the deci-22 sion to invade Syria. 23 (B) Senior officials of the Turkish Armed 24 Forces leading attacks against the Syrian 25 **Democratic Forces.**

1	(C) Officials of the Government of Turkey
2	significantly facilitating Turkey's military oper-
3	ations in Syria.
4	(D) Officials of the Government of Turkey
5	and members of the Turkish Armed Forces who
6	are responsible for, are complicit in, have di-
7	rectly or indirectly engaged in, or have at-
8	tempted to engage in, any of the following relat-
9	ing to Turkey's invasion of Northeast Syria:
10	(i) A violation of the law of armed
11	conflict.
12	(ii) A gross violation of internationally
13	recognized human rights.
14	(2) Imposition of sanctions.—On and after
15	the date that is 15 days after the submission of the
16	most recent list required by paragraph (1), each for-
17	eign person identified on the list shall be subject to
18	the same sanctions as a person included on the list
19	of specially designated nationals and blocked persons
20	maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control
21	of the Department of the Treasury.

1SEC. 303. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO2FOREIGN PERSONS PROVIDING ARMS TO3TURKISH FORCES IN SYRIA.

4 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 30 days 5 after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 60 days thereafter and as new information becomes available, 6 7 the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary 8 of Defense and the Director of National Intelligence, shall submit to the President and the appropriate congressional 9 10 committees a list of any foreign persons determined to have knowingly provided, on or after such date of enact-11 ment, defense articles, services, or technology to Turkey 12 if such articles, services, or technology could be used in 13 operations by the Turkish Armed Forces in Syria. 14

(b) IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS.—The President shall
impose the sanctions described in section 307 with respect
to each foreign person identified on the list required by
subsection (a).

(c) EXCEPTION.—The sanctions imposed pursuant to
this section shall not apply to transfers defense articles,
services, or technology for ultimate end use by the United
States Armed Forces or in military operations approved
by NATO.

24 (d) WAIVER.—

25 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President may waive,
26 on a case-by-case basis and for a period of not more

1	than 90 days, the imposition of sanctions under this
2	section with respect to a foreign person if the Presi-
3	dent—
4	(A) determines the waiver is important to
5	the national security interests of the United
6	States; and
7	(B) not later than 30 days after making
8	such a determination, submits to the appro-
9	priate congressional committees a report on the
10	determination.
11	(2) RENEWAL OF WAIVERS.—The President
12	may, on a case-by-case basis, renew a waiver under
13	paragraph (1) for an additional period of not more
14	than 90 days if, not later than 15 days before the
15	waiver expires, the President—
16	(A) determines the renewal of the waiver is
17	important to the national security interests of
18	the United; and
19	(B) submits to the appropriate congres-
20	sional committees a report on the determina-
21	tion.

1SEC. 304. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO FI-2NANCIAL INSTITUTIONS THAT FACILITATE3TRANSACTIONS FOR TURKISH ARMED4FORCES.

5 (a) HALK BANKASI OR HALKBANK.—Not later than 6 15 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the fol-7 lowing entities shall be subject to the same sanctions as 8 a person included on the list of specially designated na-9 tionals and blocked persons maintained by the Office of 10 Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treas-11 ury:

- 12 (1) Halk Bankasi;
- 13 (2) Halkbank; or

14 (3) any successor entity to an entity specified in15 paragraph (1) or (2).

16 (b) ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—If the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of 17 18 Defense, the Secretary of Treasury, and the Director of 19 National Intelligence, determines that any foreign finan-20cial institution (other than a financial institution specified in subsection (a)), has knowingly facilitated transactions 21 22 for the Turkish Armed Forces or the defense industry in 23 Turkey relating to the military operations of Turkey in 24 Syria, the President shall, not later than 60 days after 25 that determination, impose the sanctions described in section 307 with respect to that financial institution. 26

SEC. 305. IMPOSITION OF CAATSA SECTION 231 SANCTIONS AGAINST TURKEY.

3 (a) TREATMENT OF PURCHASE OF S-400 AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM AS SANCTIONABLE TRANS-4 5 ACTION.—For the purposes of section 231 of the Countering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act (22) 6 7 U.S.C. 9525), Turkey's acquisition of the S-400 air and 8 missile defense system from the Russian Federation begin-9 ning July 12, 2019, shall be considered to be a significant transaction described in that section. 10

(b) IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS.—Not later than 30
days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall impose 5 or more of the sanctions described
in section 235 of the Countering America's Adversaries
Through Sanctions Act (22 U.S.C. 9529) with respect to
the Government of Turkey.

17SEC. 306. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO18SUPPORT BY THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION FOR

19

THE ASSAD REGIME.

(a) LIST REQUIRED.—Not later than 30 days after
the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 60 days
thereafter, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the
Secretary of Defense and the Director of National Intelligence, shall submit to appropriate congressional committees a list of each Russian person that, on or after such
date of enactment, knowingly exports, transfers, or other-

wise provides to Syria significant financial, material, or
 technological support that contributes materially to the
 ability of the Government of Syria to acquire defense arti cles, defense services, and related information.

5 (b) SANCTIONS.—A Russian person identified on the
6 list required by subsection (a) shall be subject to the same
7 sanctions as a person included on the list of specially des8 ignated nationals and blocked persons maintained by the
9 Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the
10 Treasury.

11 (c) WAIVER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The President may, on a
case-by-case basis and for renewable periods of not
to exceed 60 days, waive the application of this section with respect to a Russian person if the President determines and certifies to the appropriate congressional committees that such a waiver is in the
vital national security interests of the United States.

(2) CERTIFICATION.—The certification referenced in paragraph (1) shall include a detailed explanation of the specific factors upon which the determination was made that a waiver is in the vital
national security interests of the United States.

24 (3) BRIEFING.—Not later than 10 days after
25 the issuance of a waiver under paragraph (1), and

every 90 days thereafter while the waiver remains in
 effect, the President shall brief the appropriate con gressional committees on the justification for the
 waiver.

5 (d) RUSSIAN PERSON DEFINED.—In this section, the
6 term "Russian person" has the meaning given that term
7 in section 256(c) of the Countering America's Adversaries
8 Through Sanctions Act (22 U.S.C. 9545(c)).

9 SEC. 307. SANCTIONS DESCRIBED.

10 The sanctions described in this section are the fol-11 lowing:

12 (1) ASSET BLOCKING.—The President shall ex-13 ercise all of the powers granted by the International 14 Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 15 et seq.) (except that the requirements of section 202 16 of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1701) shall not apply) to the 17 extent necessary to block and prohibit all trans-18 actions in all property and interests in property of 19 a foreign person if such property and interests in 20 property are in the United States, come within the 21 United States, or are or come within the possession 22 or control of a United States person.

23 (2) ALIENS INADMISSIBLE FOR VISAS, ADMIS24 SION, OR PAROLE.—

	00
1	(A) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—An
2	alien is—
3	(i) inadmissible to the United States;
4	(ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other
5	documentation to enter the United States;
6	and
7	(iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted
8	or paroled into the United States or to re-
9	ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-
10	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
11	seq.).
12	(B) CURRENT VISAS REVOKED.—
13	(i) IN GENERAL.—An alien described
14	in subparagraph (A) is subject to revoca-
15	tion of any visa or other entry documenta-
16	tion regardless of when the visa or other
17	entry documentation is or was issued.
18	(ii) Immediate effect.—A revoca-
19	tion under clause (i) shall—
20	(I) take effect immediately; and
21	(II) automatically cancel any
22	other valid visa or entry documenta-
23	tion that is in the alien's possession.
24	(C) EXCEPTION TO COMPLY WITH UNITED
25	NATIONS HEADQUARTERS AGREEMENT.—Sanc-

1 tions under this paragraph shall not apply to the admission of an alien if such admission is 2 3 necessary to permit the United States to com-4 ply with the Agreement regarding the Head-5 quarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake 6 Success June 26, 1947, and entered into force 7 November 21, 1947, between the United Na-8 tions and the United States, or other applicable 9 international obligations of the United States.

10 SEC. 308. IMPLEMENTATION; REGULATIONS; PENALTIES.

(a) IMPLEMENTATION.—The President may exercise
all authorities provided to the President under sections
203 and 205 of the International Emergency Economic
Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out this
title.

(b) REGULATIONS.—The President shall issue such
regulations, licenses, and orders as are necessary to carry
out this title.

(c) PENALTIES.—A person that violates, attempts to
violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of this
title or any regulation, license, or order issued to carry
out this title shall be subject to the penalties set forth in
subsections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the International
Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) to the

same extent as a person that commits an unlawful act de-1 2 scribed in subsection (a) of that section. TITLE IV—TERMINATION 3 **PROVISIONS** 4 5 SEC. 401. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES 6 **DEFINED.** 7 In this title, the term "appropriate congressional 8 committees" means-9 (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations and 10 the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Af-11 fairs of the Senate; and 12 (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the 13 Committee on Financial Services of the House of 14 Representatives. 15 SEC. 402. TERMINATION OF CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS. 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—The restriction under section 108, the requirement under section 109, and the sanctions im-17 posed under sections 302 and 303, shall terminate if the 18 19 President determines and submits to the appropriate congressional committees a finding that— 20 21 (1) Turkey has halted attacks against the Syr-22 ian Democratic Forces, Kurdish and Arab civilians, 23 and other religious and ethnic minority communities 24 in Northeast Syria;

(2) Turkish forces not involved in coordinated
 operations with NATO allies or the Global Coalition
 to Defeat ISIS have withdrawn from Northeast
 Syria; and

5 (3) Turkey is not hindering counterterrorism6 operations against ISIS.

7 (b) FINANCIAL SANCTIONS.—Financial sanctions im8 posed under section 304 shall terminate if the President
9 determines and submits to the appropriate congressional
10 committees the finding described in subsection (a)(1).

11 SEC. 403. HUMANITARIAN WAIVER.

12 The President may waive the application of section 13 302, 303, or 304 for the purpose of providing humanitarian assistance if the President certifies to the appro-14 15 priate congressional committees that such a waiver is important to address a humanitarian need and consistent 16 17 with the national security interests of the United States and, not later than 15 days before issuing such a waiver, 18 19 the President submits to such committees a justification 20 relating to such determination.

21 SEC. 404. SUNSET.

This Act shall terminate on the date that is 3 yearsafter the date on which sanctions imposed pursuant to thisAct have terminated.