AM	ENDMENT NO Calendar No	
Pui	rpose: In the nature of a substitute.	
IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—115th Cong., 2d Sess.		
S. 1158		
То	help prevent acts of genocide and other atrocity crimes, which threaten national and international security, by enhancing United States Government capacities to prevent, mitigate, and respond to such crises.	
R	eferred to the Committee on and ordered to be printed	
	Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed	
A	MENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE intended to be proposed by Mr. CARDIN	
Viz	:	
1	Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the fol-	
2	lowing:	
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.	
4	This Act may be cited as the "Elie Wiesel Genocide	
5	and Atrocities Prevention Act of 2018".	
6	SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.	
7	It is the sense of Congress that the United States	
8	Government's efforts at atrocity prevention and response	
9	through interagency coordination, such as the Atrocities	
10	Prevention Board (referred to in this Act as the "Board")	
11	or successor entity are critically important, and that ap-	

1	propriate officials of the United States Government
2	should—
3	(1) meet regularly to monitor developments
4	throughout the world that heighten the risk of atroc-
5	ities;
6	(2) identify any gaps in United States foreign
7	policy concerning regions or particular countries re-
8	lated to atrocity prevention and response;
9	(3) facilitate the development and implementa-
10	tion of policies to enhance the capacity of the United
11	States to prevent and respond to atrocities world-
12	wide;
13	(4) provide the President with recommendations
14	to improve policies, programs, resources, and tools
15	related to atrocity prevention and response;
16	(5) conduct outreach, including consultations,
17	not less frequently than biannually, with representa-
18	tives of nongovernmental organizations and civil so-
19	ciety dedicated to atrocity prevention and response;
20	(6) operate with regular consultation and par-
21	ticipation of designated interagency representatives
22	of relevant Federal agencies, executive departments,
23	or offices; and

1	(7) ensure resources are made available for the
2	policies, programs, and tools related to atrocity pre-
3	vention and response.
4	SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
5	It shall be the policy of the United States to—
6	(1) regard the prevention of genocide and other
7	atrocities as in its national security interests;
8	(2) work with partners and allies to address the
9	root causes of insecurity and violent conflict to pre-
10	vent—
11	(A) the mass slaughter of civilians;
12	(B) conditions that prompt internal dis-
13	placement and the flow of refugees across bor-
14	ders; and
15	(C) other violence that wreaks havoc on re-
16	gional stability and civilian populations;
17	(3) enhance the capacity of the United States
18	to identify, prevent, address, and respond to the
19	drivers of atrocities and violent conflict as part of
20	the United States' humanitarian, development, and
21	strategic interests; and
22	(4) pursue a Government-wide strategy to pre-
23	vent and respond to the risk of genocide and other
24	atrocities by—

1	(A) strengthening the diplomatic, risk
2	analysis and monitoring, strategic planning,
3	early warning, and response capacities of the
4	Government;
5	(B) improving the use of foreign assistance
6	to respond early, effectively, and urgently in
7	order to address the root causes and drivers of
8	violence, and systemic patterns of human rights
9	abuses and atrocities;
10	(C) strengthening diplomatic response and
11	the effective use of foreign assistance to support
12	appropriate transitional justice measures, in-
13	cluding criminal accountability, for past atroc-
14	ities;
15	(D) supporting and strengthening local
16	civil society, including human rights defenders
17	and others working to help prevent and respond
18	to atrocities;
19	(E) promoting financial transparency and
20	enhancing anti-corruption initiatives as part of
21	addressing a root cause of insecurity; and
22	(F) employing a variety of unilateral, bilat-
23	eral, and multilateral means to prevent and re-
24	spond to conflicts and atrocities by—

1	(i) placing a high priority on timely,
2	preventive diplomatic efforts; and
3	(ii) exercising a leadership role in pro-
4	moting international efforts to end crises
5	and prevent atrocities.
6	SEC. 4. TRAINING OF FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS IN CON-
7	FLICT AND ATROCITIES PREVENTION.
8	Section 708 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22
9	U.S.C. 4028) is amended in subsection (a)(1)—
10	(1) in subparagraph (B), by striking "and" at
11	the end;
12	(2) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period
13	at the end and inserting "; and; and
14	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
15	paragraph:
16	"(D) for Foreign Service Officers who will
17	be assigned to a country experiencing or at risk
18	of mass atrocities, as determined by the Sec-
19	retary of State, in consultation with the Direc-
20	tor of National Intelligence and relevant civil
21	society organizations, instruction on recognizing
22	patterns of escalation and early warning signs
23	of potential atrocities or violence, including gen-
24	der-based violence, and methods of preventing
25	and responding to atrocities, including conflict

1	assessment methods, peacebuilding, mediation
2	for prevention, early action and response, and
3	appropriate transitional justice measures to ad-
4	dress atrocities.".
5	SEC. 5. REPORTS.
6	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
7	date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter
8	for the following six years, the President shall transmit
9	to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Rep-
10	resentatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of
11	the Senate a report, with a classified annex if necessary,
12	that includes—
13	(1) a review, in consultation with appropriate
14	interagency representatives, consisting of a detailed
15	description of—
16	(A) current efforts to prevent and respond
17	to situations of genocide, atrocities, and other
18	mass violence, such as gender-based violence
19	and violence against religious and other minori-
20	ties, based on United States and locally identi-
21	fied indicators, including an analysis of capac-
22	ities and constraints for interagency detection,
23	early warning and response, information-shar-
24	ing, contingency planning, and coordination;

1	(B) recommendations to further strengthen
2	United States capabilities described in subpara-
3	graph (A);
4	(C) funding expended by relevant Federal
5	departments and agencies on atrocities preven-
6	tion activities, including appropriate transitional
7	justice measures and the legal, procedural, and
8	resource constraints faced by the Department
9	of State and the United States Agency for
10	International Development throughout respec-
11	tive budgeting, strategic planning, and manage-
12	ment cycles to support conflict and atrocities
13	prevention activities in countries identified to be
14	at risk of atrocities;
15	(D) a current global assessment of sources
16	of instability, conflict, and atrocities, the out-
17	comes and findings of such assessments and,
18	where relevant, a review of activities, and the
19	efficacy of such activities, that the Board or
20	successor entity undertook to respond to
21	sources of instability, conflict, and atrocities;
22	(E) countries and regions at risk of atroc-
23	ities, including a description of most likely
24	pathways to violence, specific risk factors, and
25	at-risk target groups; and

1	(F) the atrocities prevention training for
2	Foreign Service officers authorized under sub-
3	paragraph (D) of section 708(a)(1) of the For-
4	eign Service Act of 1980, as added by section
5	4;
6	(2) recommendations to ensure shared responsi-
7	bility by—
8	(A) enhancing multilateral mechanisms for
9	preventing atrocities, including strengthening
10	the role of international organizations and
11	international financial institutions in conflict
12	prevention, mitigation, and response; and
13	(B) strengthening regional organizations;
14	(3) the implementation status of the rec-
15	ommendations contained in the previous review re-
16	quired by this section; and
17	(4) identification of the Federal departments
18	and agencies and civil society, academic, and non-
19	governmental organizations and institutions con-
20	sulted for preparation of such report.
21	(b) Consideration of Recommendations.—The
22	preparation of the report required by subsection (a) shall
23	include a consideration of analysis, reporting, and policy
24	recommendations to prevent and respond to atrocities pro-

duced by civil society, academic, and other nongovernmental organizations and institutions. 3 SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS. 4 In this Act— 5 (1) the term "genocide" means an offense 6 under subsection (a) of section 1091 of title 18, 7 United States Code; (2) the term "atrocities" means war crimes, 8 9 crimes against humanity, or genocide; 10 (3) the term "transitional justice" means the 11 range of judicial, nonjudicial, formal, informal, re-12 tributive, and restorative measures employed by 13 countries transitioning out of armed conflict or re-14 pressive regimes to redress legacies of atrocities and 15 to promote long-term, sustainable peace; and 16 (4) the term "war crime" has the meaning 17 given the term in section 2441(c) of title 18, United 18 States Code.

19 SEC. 7. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed as authorizing

21 the use of military force.